

SECURITIES TRADING POLICY

Acusensus Limited ACN 624 231 941 (Company)

1. Scope and application

This Securities Trading Policy (Policy) applies to Company and its subsidiaries (and a reference to the 'Company' in this Policy will include a reference to any subsidiary where applicable) and all persons named in this Policy. It sets out the Company's policy on dealing by relevant persons named in this Policy in:

- 1.1 Securities of the Company (the Company Securities); and
- 1.2 Securities of other entities.

If you do not understand any part of this Policy, the summary of the law, or how it applies to you, you should raise the matter with the Company Secretary of the Company before dealing with any Securities covered by this Policy.

2. Purpose

Under Australian legislation, the insider trading laws operate to prohibit people in possession of non-public price sensitive information from dealing in Securities or passing on the information to other people who may deal in Securities.

Given the restrictions imposed by law, this Policy is relevant to all:

- 2.1 the Board of Directors (**Board**) and all officers of the Company, including the Chief Executive Officer (**CEO**);
- 2.2 employees, authorised representatives, fixed-term contractors or consultants engaged by the Company;
- 2.3 any **Related Party** of the people named above, which is defined to include the following:
 - a spouse (including a de facto spouse), domestic partner, child (including a step-child or adopted child) or a person financially dependent on the relevant person;
 - a child or dependent of the person's spouse (including a de facto spouse) or domestic partner;

- any other family member who may be expected to influence the person, or be influenced by the person, in that person's dealings with the Company or another entity that the Company may have dealings with;
- a person or company that has a private understanding or business arrangement with the person for dealing in Securities; or
- a company, trust, partnership or other entity that the person or any of the persons referred to in the above bullet points controls or significantly influences,

(any of the above persons named in paragraphs 2.1, 2.2 or 2.3 above being **Employees** for the purposes of this Policy).

This Policy also imposes additional restrictions (described below) on:

- 2.4 all Directors and officers of the Company, including the CEO;
- 2.5 all direct reports to the CEO (Senior Executives);
- 2.6 other persons identified by the Company from time to time; and
- 2.7 any Related Party of the people named above,

(paragraphs 2.4 to 2.7 together as, Senior Personnel).

This Policy therefore imposes restrictions on both Employees and Senior Personnel, each being a **Restricted Person**. Additional restrictions also apply to Senior Personnel.

Given the restrictions imposed by law, this Policy is also relevant to all a contractor who provides services to the Company (Contractor) who is nominated by the Board from time to time as a Contractor to whom this Policy applies, and/or any relevant employees of such a Contractor who are nominated by the Board.

3. Meaning of Securities

For the purposes of this Policy Securities means shares, debentures, options to subscribe for new shares and options over existing shares, warrant contracts and other derivatives relating to the shares.

4. Insider Trading Laws

4.1 Prohibition

If a Restricted Person has any inside information about the Company (or another relevant entity, such as a company with which the Company is considering a transaction) which is not publicly known, it is a criminal offence to:

- 4.1.1 trade in the Company Securities (or Securities of any other relevant entity);
- 4.1.2 advise or procure another person to trade in the Company Securities (or Securities of any other relevant entity); or
- 4.1.3 pass on (directly or indirectly) inside information to someone else (including any Related Party or any colleagues, family or friends) knowing (or where you should

have reasonably known) that the other person will, or is likely to, use that information to trade in, or procure someone else to trade in, the Company Securities (or Securities of the other relevant entity).

4.2 Consequences of insider trading

This offence, called "insider trading", can subject you to:

- 4.2.1 criminal liability including large fines and/or imprisonment;
- 4.2.2 a civil penalty; and
- 4.2.3 civil liability, which may include being sued for any loss suffered as a result of illegal trading.

4.3 Inside information

"Inside information" is information that:

- 4.3.1 is not generally available; and
- 4.3.2 if it were generally available, a reasonable person would expect it to have a material effect on the price or value of Company Securities (or Securities of any other relevant entity) or on a decision to buy or sell Company Securities (or Securities of any other relevant entity).

The financial impact of the information is important, but strategic and other implications can be equally important in determining whether information is inside information. The definition of information is broad enough to include rumours, matters of supposition, intentions of a person (including the Company) and information which is insufficiently definite to warrant disclosure to the public.

Importantly, you need not be an "insider" to come across inside information. That is, it does not matter how you come to know the inside information (for example, you could learn it in the course of carrying out your responsibilities or in passing in the corridor or at a dinner party).

4.4 Insider trading is prohibited at all times

If you possess inside information, you must not buy or sell the Company Securities, advise or get others to do so or pass on the inside information to others. This prohibition applies regardless of how you learn the information.

The prohibition on insider trading applies not only to information concerning the Company Securities. If a person has inside information in relation to Securities of another company, that person must not deal in those Securities.

The insider trading prohibitions apply even when a trade falls within an exclusion to the restrictions on trading set out in this Policy if it is undertaken by, or procured by, someone in possession of inside information at the time of the trade.

5. Confidential Information

Related to the above, Employees and Contractors also have a duty of confidentiality to the Company. You must not reveal any confidential information concerning the Company, use that information in any way which may injure or cause loss to the Company, or use that confidential information to gain an advantage for yourself.

6. Trading restrictions imposed by this policy

6.1 Additional restrictions

In addition to the obligations to comply with the law in relation to insider trading set out in section 4, additional restrictions (described below) on trading the Company Securities apply to Restricted Persons (as defined above).

6.2 Reasons for additional restrictions

Restricted Persons are in positions where it may be assumed that they may come into possession of inside information and, as a result, any trading by Restricted Persons may embarrass or reflect badly on them or on the Company (even if a Restricted Person has no actual inside information at the time). This Policy is designed to avoid the possibility that misconceptions, misunderstandings or suspicions might arise due to trading by Restricted Persons in Securities.

6.3 Closed periods

Restricted Persons must not deal in the Company's Securities during any of the following closed periods:

- 6.3.1 the period each year from the close of trading two calendar weeks before the end of the full financial year until the third trading day following the announcement to the ASX of the preliminary final financial statement or full year financial results;
- 6.3.2 the period each year from the close of trading two calendar weeks before the end of the financial half year until the third trading day following the announcement of half-yearly financial results;
- 6.3.3 the period each year from the close of trading two calendar weeks before the end of the financial quarter until the third trading day following the announcement of the release of any material quarterly filing (such as an Appendix 4C); and
- 6.3.4 any other period that the Company specifies from time to time,

(any of the above being a Closed Period).

Any period that is not a Closed Period is an Open Period.

6.4 No speculative short-term trading

Restricted Persons should not trade in the Company's Securities on a short-term basis or for speculative trading gain.

6.5 Exceptional circumstances

If a Restricted Person needs to deal in the Company's Securities due to exceptional circumstances but such dealing would breach this Policy, the Restricted Person must apply to the person specified in section 7 for a waiver from compliance with the provisions in sections 6.3 or 6.4.

Exceptional circumstances include severe financial hardship, compulsion by a court order or any other circumstances that are deemed exceptional by the person described in section 7.

The Restricted Person seeking a waiver to a restriction in this section 6 must apply in writing to the person specified in section 7 setting out the circumstances of the proposed dealing (including an explanation as to the severe financial hardship or circumstances that are

otherwise exceptional) and the reason the waiver is requested. A waiver will only be granted if the Restricted Person's application is accompanied by sufficient evidence (in the opinion of the person specified section 7) that the dealing of the relevant Securities is the most reasonable course of action available in the circumstances.

If a waiver is granted, the Restricted Person will be notified in writing (which may include notification via email) and in each circumstance the duration of the waiver to deal in Securities will be two trading days.

Unless otherwise specified in the notice, any dealing permitted under this section must comply with the other sections of this Policy (to the extent applicable). The insider trading prohibitions apply even when a trade falls within this section 6.5 if it is undertaken by, or procured by, someone in possession of inside information at the time of the trade.

6.6 Permitted dealings for Senior Personnel

In addition to all restrictions set out in this Policy, Senior Personnel are only permitted to trade the Company Securities during an Open Period subject to the notification and approval requirements set out below.

If a member of Senior Personnel proposes to deal in the Company's Securities at any time that is an Open Period as specified in section 6.3, the Restricted Person must first complete the following actions at least two trading days before the proposed dealing:

- 6.6.1 provide prior written notice of their intention to deal in Company Securities to the applicable person noted in the table in section 7;
- obtain prior written clearance to deal in the Company's Securities from the applicable person noted in the table in section 7; and
- 6.6.3 provide confirmation to the applicable person noted in the table in section 7 that they are not in possession of any inside information.

The proposed dealing must not be entered into until written clearance has been given by the applicable nominated in section 7.

Any approval to trade can be given, withdrawn or refused by the Company in its discretion without giving any reasons. A decision to refuse approval is final and binding on the person seeking the approval. If approval to trade Company Securities is refused, the person seeking the approval must keep that information confidential and not disclose it to anyone. Any approval to trade under this Policy is not an endorsement from the Company and the person doing the trade is individually responsible for their investment decisions and their compliance with insider trading laws.

If granted, trading consent is only valid for a period of five trading days after notification of approval. Trading consent is automatically deemed to be withdrawn if the person becomes aware of inside information prior to trading.

The insider trading prohibitions apply even when a trade is permitted under this section if it is undertaken by, or procured by, someone in possession of inside information at the time of the trade.

Senior Personnel must also abide by the restrictions on trading during a Closed Period as set out in this Policy.

6.7 Requirements after trading

Once a Restricted Person has completed a trade in the Company Securities in accordance with the processes set out in sections 6.5 or 6.6, the relevant person described in section 7, must be:

- 6.7.1 advised that the trade has been completed; and
- 6.7.2 in the case of Directors, provided with sufficient information to enable the Company to comply with its ASX reporting obligations (including date, price, volume and whether the change occurred during a closed period and if so, whether written clearance was provided). This information must be provided to ASX as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event no later than three business days after the date of the change.

6.8 Application to employee share and option plans

The additional restrictions in this Policy do not prohibit Restricted Persons from acquiring Securities under a Company dividend reinvestment plan or participating in an employee share or option plan, nor the exercise of options or rights under those plans where such plans exist. However, the additional restrictions set out in this Policy will apply to any subsequent trading of the Company Securities issued to (or for the benefit of) a Restricted Person (including the additional restrictions imposed on Senior Personnel) under the relevant plans, including on the exercise of any options granted under an employee share or option plan.

6.9 Exemptions

A Restricted Person may at any time:

- 6.9.1 trade Company Securities where the trading does not result in a change of beneficial interest in the Company Securities;
- 6.9.2 transfer Company Securities already held into a self-managed superannuation fund or other saving scheme in which the Restricted Person is a beneficiary;
- 6.9.3 acquire the Company's ordinary shares by conversion of Company Securities that give a right of conversion to the Company's ordinary shares;
- 6.9.4 acquire the Company's Securities under a bonus issue made to all holders of the same class;
- 6.9.5 participate in the Company's employee incentive plans, to the extent set out in section 6.8 above;
- 6.9.6 undertake to accept, or accept, a takeover offer or scheme of arrangement;
- 6.9.7 invest in, or trade in units of, a fund or other scheme (other than a scheme only investing in the Company Securities) where the assets of the fund or other scheme are invested at the discretion of a third party;
- 6.9.8 a disposal of Company Securities that is the result of a secured lender exercising their rights under a loan or security agreement;
- 6.9.9 where a Restricted Person is a trustee, trade in the securities managed by that trust provided the Restricted Person is not a beneficiary of the trust and any decision to trade during a prohibited period is taken by the other trustees or by the investment managers independently of the Restricted Person; and

6.9.10 trade under an offer or invitation made to all or most of the security holders, such as, a rights issue, a security purchase plan, a dividend or distribution reinvestment plan or an equal access buy-back, where the plan that determines the timing and structure of the offer has been approved by the Board. This includes deciding whether or not to take up the entitlements and the sale of entitlements required to provide for the take up of the balance of entitlements under a renounceable pro rata issue.

If a Restricted Person undertakes any of the actions described in this section 6.9 above, that Restricted Person must advise the relevant person specified in section 7.

6.10 No hedging

A member of Senior Personnel must not engage in hedging arrangements, deal in derivatives or enter into other arrangements which vary economic risk related to the Company's Securities including, for example, dealing in warrants, equity swaps, put and call options, contracts for difference and other contracts intended to secure a profit or avoid a loss based on fluctuations in the price of the Company's Securities. This provision includes engaging in hedging or other arrangements that would have the effect of limiting the economic risk in connection with Company Securities, including Securities which are unvested, subject to a holding lock or issued pursuant to an equity-based remuneration scheme.

7. Consents and Notifications

Where this Policy requires a notification to occur, or consent, or waiver to be obtained (unless the context requires otherwise) the table below sets out whom each Restricted Person must notify or seek approval from.

Restricted Person	Person to notify and obtain consent
Chair of the Board	The Board
Other Directors	Chair of the Board and Chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee
Senior Personnel	CEO and Chair of Audit and the Risk Management Committee
Employees (excluding Senior Personnel)	The Senior Executive that person ultimately reports to, who will consult with the CEO and Chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee as necessary

8. Breaches of this Policy

Strict compliance with this Policy is a condition of employment or engagement by the Company. Intentional breaches of this Policy will be regarded as serious misconduct and may lead to disciplinary action, which may include termination of employment or engagement by the Company.

9. Further Information

For more information about this Policy, contact the Company Secretary of the Company Last updated: January 2023.